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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/821,633	04/09/2004	Zia Yassinzadeh	021872-001900US	9024
	7590 04/29/200 AND TOWNSEND AN	EXAMINER		
TWO EMBAR	CADERO CENTER	DANG, PHONG SON H		
EIGHTH FLOO SAN FRANCIS	or SCO, CA 94111-3834		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3773	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/29/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Арр	lication No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)			
		10/	821,633	YASSINZADEH,	YASSINZADEH, ZIA			
		Exa	miner	Art Unit				
		son	N DANG	3773				
Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this commun r Reply	ication appears	on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exten after 9 - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M sions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commit period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply sply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE (of 37 CFR 1.136(a). I unication. ututory period will appli will, by statute, cause	OF THIS COMMUNI n no event, however, may a y and will expire SIX (6) MO the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this (BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·			
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <i>10 April 20</i>	009					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	2b)⊠ This actio						
′=	Since this application is in condition	<i>7</i> —		ters, prosecution as to th	e merits is			
•	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-11,14 and 17-21</u> is/are pe	ending in the ap	plication.					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	Claim(s) <u>1-11,14 and 17-21</u> is/are re	iected.						
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	,						
•	Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or elec	tion requirement.					
	on Papers		1					
· ·	•							
-	The specification is objected to by the							
, —	Γhe drawing(s) filed on <u>09/13/2004</u> is	•		•				
	Applicant may not request that any object							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including		•	-				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notice 3) Inform	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Pnation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	TO-948)	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application 				

Art Unit: 3773

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 04/10/2009 has been entered.
- 2. The Amendment filed 03/26/2009 has been entered. Claims 1-11, 14 and 17-21 currently pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-2, 5-6, 8, 10-11 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Zucker (U.S Patent No. 2003/0055454). Zucker discloses the invention as claimed including a method for hemostasis of a puncture site (see Fig. 3A-3L) in a wall of a blood vessel at an end of a tissue tract having a sheath (304, Fig. 3A) therein, the method including providing a locating member (ref. 128) having an expansible member (ref. 124) on its distal end, inserting the locating member (Fig. 3B) through the sheath (ref. 304) to within a vessel, expanding the expansible member and drawing the locating member proximally (Fig. 3C-3F), removing the sheath from the tissue tract (Fig.

Application/Control Number: 10/821,633

Page 3

Art Unit: 3773

3G) while the inserted locating member (128, Fig. 3G) remains in place, providing a tubular compression member (ref. 102) having a proximal end, a distal end, a central passage between said proximal end and said distal end, and an expansible tissue compression element (ref. 150) disposed over the distal portion thereof, and advancing the tubular compression member over the inserted locating member (see ref. 102 over ref. 128, advancing distally so that the expansible tissue compression element 150 is more precise just proximal of the puncture vessel) after the sheath (304, Fig. 3G) has been removed from the tissue tract so that the locating member (128, Fig. 3B) is received in the central passage of the tubular compression member (102, Fig. 3B) and the expansible tissue compression element (150, Fig. 3G) is located, expanding the expansible tissue compression element (150, Fig. 3G) within the tissue tract above the blood vessel wall to apply pressure against subcutaneous tissue and to promote hemostasis, wherein the expansible tissue compression element (150, Fig. 3G) on the compression member (102, Fig. 3G) is left in place until hemostasis has been achieved., the expansible element being a balloon (ref. 150), inflating a distal face of the balloon at an angle to the compression member, unfolding concentric folds of the balloon (see the folds of ref. 150 from Fig. 3F to Fig. 3G), inflating the balloon to a deployed configuration having a concave distal end, and contracting and withdrawing the locating member while the compression member remains in place (Fig. 31-1-31).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

Art Unit: 3773

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 3-4, 7, 9, 14 and 18-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zucker. Zucker do not disclose the predetermined distance, expanding the balloon to a conical configuration, the distal end of the balloon having a concave distal end, the expansible member deployed diameter, imaging the element during positioning, delivering energy to the puncture site, delivering a clot promoting agent or an anti-infection agent to the puncture site, or instructions on how to use the device. It would have been an obvious design choice to have modified the balloon of Zucker to have a conical shape and to have a distal concave end. Both of these design alterations are well-known in the art and would, therefore, be obvious to modify the balloon of Zucker to meet the design limitations. It would also be obvious to modify the predetermined depth of the expandable balloon in the tissue tract as well as to modify the expansible member's diameter in order to fit the correct size puncture and provide enough pressure to cause hemostasis to occur. It is well-known in the art to image an insertion area in order to determine the exact location of where the device is moving through the tissue. It is also well-known in the art to use some form of energy for either imaging purposes or to seal the puncture site. It is further well-known in the art to use both clot promoting agents and anti-infection agents to help seal a wound/puncture in a vessel. It would be obvious to provide instructions on how to use the device of Zucker in order to allow a user to properly insert it and use it within and around a vessel.

Art Unit: 3773

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed 03/26/2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicant argues that Zucker fails to disclose the step of "advancing the compression member over the locating member" and Zucker's locating member 102 is part of an integrated structure with the handle portion 128 and thus can not be advanced over handle portion 128. However, Fig. 3B of Zucker shows that handle portion 128 also runs down along central bore 120 and have a smaller circumference than the locating member/main shaft 102 (Fig. 2B). Therefore, main shaft 102 can be movable separately from handle portion 128 (Fig. 2B, paragraph 40). Applicant argues that balloon 124 and 150 can only be advance as a single unit. Anchor balloon 124 and peripheral balloon 150 are not and can not be inserted/advanced through the tissue tract independently from each other. However, this argument is not supported by the claim languages.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SON DANG whose telephone number is (571)270-5809. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:30 AM - 5:00 PM EDT.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jackie Ho can be reached on 571-272-4696. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 3773

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SD

/(Jackie) Tan-Uyen T. Ho/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3773